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### An Overview of Threats to the Power Grid

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- Malicious Threat Matrix
- Physical Threat
- Cyber Threat
- Accidental Failures
- EMP and GMD



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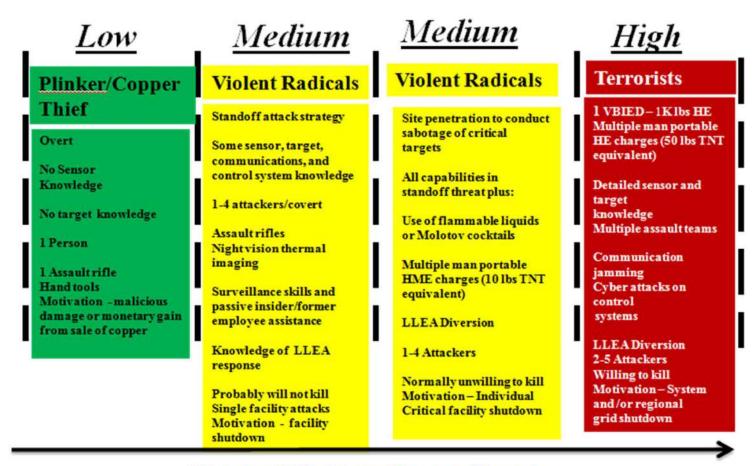
# Example: Malicious Threat Capability Matrix Sandia National Capability Matrix



	THREAT PROFILE						
	COMMITMENT			RESOURCES			
THREAT					KNOWLEDGE		
LEVEL	INTENSITY	STEALTH	TIME	TECHNICAL PERSONNEL	CYBER	KINETIC	ACCESS
1	Н	Н	Years to Decades	Hundreds	Н	Н	Н
2	Н	Н	Years to Decades	Tens of Tens	М	Н	M
3	Н	Н	Months to Years	Tens of Tens	Н	М	М
4	М	Н	Weeks to Months	Tens	Н	М	М
5	Н	М	Weeks to Months	Tens	М	М	М
6	М	М	Weeks to Months	Ones	М	М	L
7	М	М	Months to Years	Tens	L	L	L
8	L	L	Days to Weeks	Ones	L	L	L

# Example: Generic Design Basis Threat





Exponentially increasing security costs



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# Physical Security/Resilience Threats to the Grid are Real

- People have attacked the grid in notable ways in recent years (Metcalf and Arkansas)
- Significant monetary loss thus far but no long-term local or regional outages

### **HV Transformers at Risk**



"The main risk from a physical attack against the electric power grid—primarily towers and transformers—is a widespread power outage lasting for days or longer...Experts have long asserted that a coordinated and simultaneous attack on multiple HV transformers could have severe implications for reliable electric service over a large geographic area, crippling its electricity network and causing widespread, extended blackouts. Such an event would have serious economic and social consequences."



Physical Security of the U.S. Power Grid: High-Voltage Transformer Substations Paul W. Parfomak June 17, 2014

Source: http://fas.org/sgp/crs/homesec/R43604.pdf

### **Arkansas Transmission Line Attack**



### "According to the FBI:

In the early morning hours of September 29, 2013, officials with Entergy Arkansas reported a fire at its Keo substation located on Arkansas Highway 165 between Scott and England in Lonoke County. Fortunately, there were no injuries and no reported power outages. Investigation has determined that the fire, which consumed the control house at the substation, was intentionally set. The person or persons responsible for this incident inscribed a message on a metal control panel outside the substation which reads, 'YOU SHOULD HAVE EXPECTED U.S.'"





http://www.forbes.com/sites/williampentland/2013/10/07/weekend-attacks-on-arkansas-electric-grid-leave-10000-without-power-you-should-have-expected-u-s/



# Physical-Cyber Security Nexus

- Physical and cyber protections are often organized as two completely separate areas. In reality, the two must work in concert.
- Defense against cyber attack is achievable only if networks are 1) physically secured and 2) managed securely through physical and operational controls.
- Comprehensive security requires continual assessment of all potential adversarial pathways — physical and electronic.





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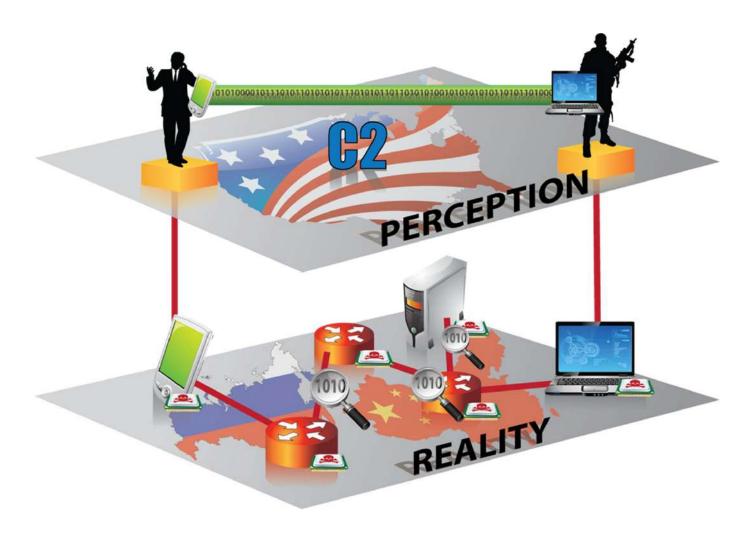
# Supply Chain in a Globalized Economy





# Potential Impact of Supply Chain on National Security

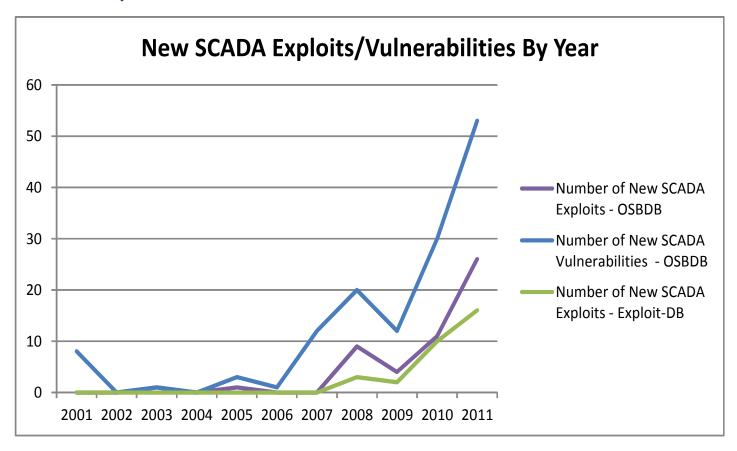




# Indications of SCADA Vulnerability [



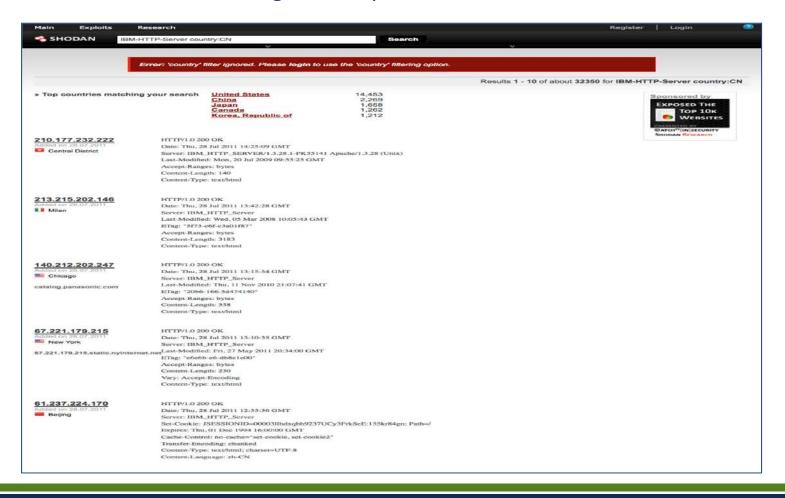
The Open Source Vulnerability Database (OSVDB) is an independent and open source database created by and for the security community.



# Indications of Vulnerability (example)



SHODAN Database makes it possible to find systems of a given type in a given country that are vulnerable to a given exploit, which makes it easy to locate vulnerable Internet-facing SCADA systems.



# Cyber Tool Development



(Product Example)



# Cyber Tool Development



(Product example)

#### SCADA+ Pack

This is an attempt to collect ALL publicly available SCADA vulnerabilities in one exploit Pack.

SCADA and related vulnerabilities are very special due to its sensitive nature and possible huge impact involved to successfull exploitation.

SCADA Systems are also "hard to patch", so even old vulnerabilities are actual.

#### The SCADA+ Pack features:

- Growing value
  - Due to low real systems patch rank
- 100% public SCADA vulns coverage Including old and newly discovered bugs
- 0 Days for SCADA
  - We conduct our own in depth research
- Focused on Industrial software & hardware environment
   Not only SCADA, but also Industrial PCs, smart chips and industrial protocols are reviewed.
- Weak points analyses
   Many industrial things suffer from weaknesses like hardcoded password and etc.

#### Licensing:

- Standard restrictive (no derivative works or any disclosures allowed) 1 seat license
- Step Ahead unrestrictive license, with powerfull features more

Some SCADA+ demos could be found <u>here on our pentesting.ru</u> <u>site</u>:

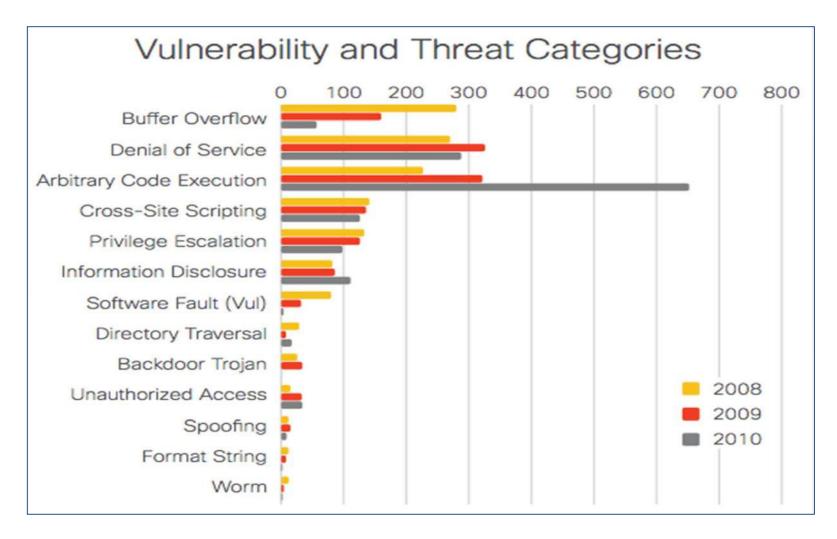
List of featured modules available instantly via **Step Ahead**:

For how to buy information - refer here

## Cyber Tool Development



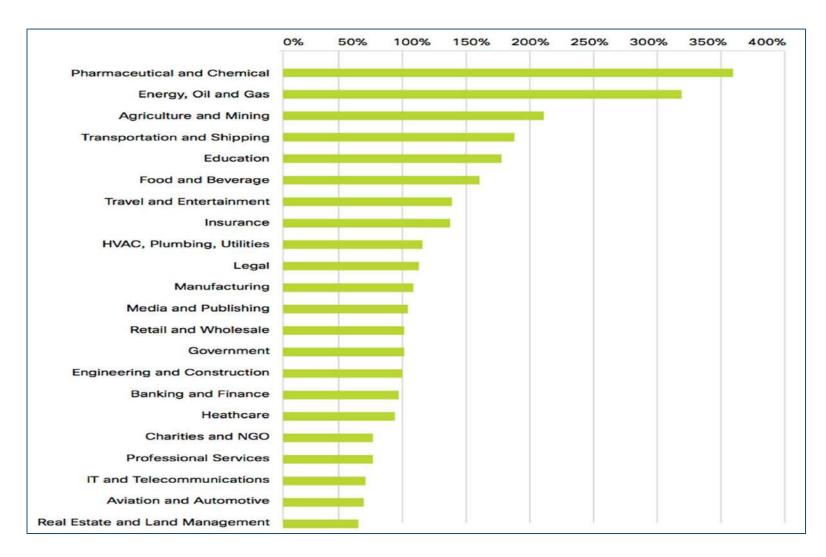
### Adversaries are becoming more capable



R. Festag, SCADA Attack System, final report, George Washington U., April 2011

# Indications of Adversary Interest





ScanSafe, Annual global Threat Report 2010



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### Accidents and Inadvertent Errors



- Accidental cyber errors also can be destructive:
  - Misconfiguration of marginal turbine for AGC load tracking at Sayano-Shushenskaya hydro plant (Russia, 2009) contributed to failure of multiple turbines.
    - ▶ Two 711 MVA generators exploded; other extensive damage to turbines
      - 75 deaths
      - 40 tons of transformer oil released
      - Repair of hydro station est. at 5+ years and \$1.2B.
- Lessons: "insider" mistakes are hard to distinguish from attacks. Either can be as destructive as external attacks.

# **Accidents and Inadvertent Errors**





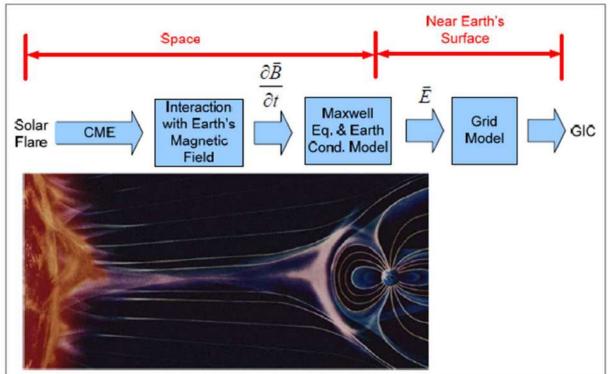


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# Risks to the Grid from Geomagnetic Disturbance



- Damage to bulk power system assets, typically associated with transformers
- Loss of reactive power support, which could lead to voltage instability and power system collapse.

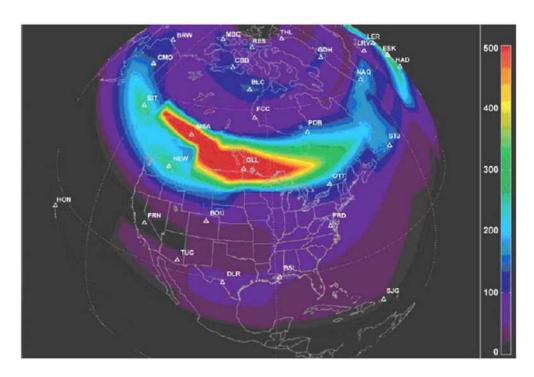


Source:
NERC 2012
Special Reliability
Assessment
Interim Report:
Effects of
Geomagnetic
Disturbances on
the Bulk
Power System

# Solar Storm Example



- 1989 Hydro-Quebec outage due to solar storm
- 6M people affected
- 9 hour outage



#### Geomagnetic intensity–March 1989 storm

Source:

NERC 2012 Special Reliability Assessment

Interim Report:

Effects of Geomagnetic

Disturbances on the Bulk

**Power System** 

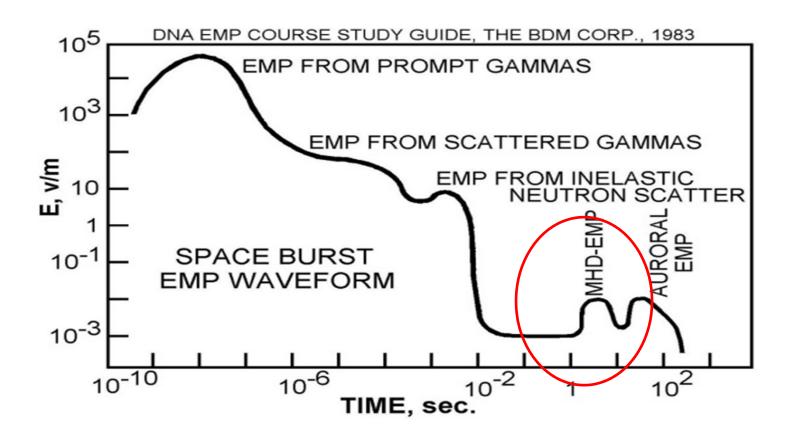
# Electromagnetic Pulse (EMP)



- The term electromagnetic pulse is a burst of electromagnetic radiation that results from an explosion (especially a nuclear explosion). The resulting electric and magnetic fields may couple with electrical/electronic systems to produce damaging current and voltage surges.
- The effects of EMP on the electrical power system are fundamentally partitioned into its early, middle and late time effects
  - E1, (early) very fast component of nuclear EMP
  - E2, (middle) similar to electromagnetic pulses produced by lightning
  - E3, (late time) or Magnetohydrodynamic (MHD) very slow pulse lasting tens to hundreds of seconds (the E3 pulse is similar to the effects of a geomagnetic storm (Although, the MHD-E3 has similar frequency content to a geomagnetic storm, its intensity can be considerably higher.)

### EMP Waveform as a Function of Time







# Review of Power Grid Vulnerability to Extreme GIC Events from E3 Threats or Severe Geomagnetic Storms

- U.S. power grid design trends have greatly increased the vulnerability and potential impact of E3 threats and geomagnetic storms (long east-west transmission lines)
- Ultra High Voltage such as 500kV & 765kV transmission lines are more prone to damage by EMP-H3
- The EMP commission study states that geomagnetically induced current (GIC) risks are potential national security and energy security threats
- Global reach of extreme geomagnetic disturbances raises concerns about the potential for large scale blackouts, permanent damage to transformer assets and extended restoration times

### Conclusion



- Malicious threats are increasing
- Adversaries are becoming more informed and more capable
- Emerging threats are challenging
  - Physical/cyber
  - System complexity
  - Lifecycle